

Research Fund

Advancing Women's Health

Research Outcomes from 8 AXA Postdoctoral Scientists



Outcomes of AXA's Women Health Summary

Women have specific health needs that are are often overlooked by medicine and health services. Firmly convinced of the key role that research plays in improving women's access to healthcare throughout their lives – from infancy to old age – the AXA Research Fund committed €1M in 2019 to a dedicated Women's Health Fellowship.

Following a demanding selection, the Fund has granted support to 8 outstanding scientific research projects dedicated to improve women's health. Now that they are all completed, let's discover their outcomes.

I. Improving Maternal Health

Reducing pregnancy-related low back pain

Dr. Nina GOOSSENS, University of Hasselt (BE)



The results from the project have advanced our knowledge on the predictors of **pregnancy-related lumbopelvic pain** during pregnancy and after childbirth. Dr. Nina Goossens's work has helped:

- Change current unhelpful biomedical beliefs and increase awareness of the condition,
- Her findings are a stepping stone toward improving screening procedures and prevention and treatment strategies, which could help prevent lumbopelvic pain from becoming chronic and recurring.

Reducing maternal mortality by diagnosing undetected bleeding disorders

Dr. Michelle Lavin, Irish Centre for Vascular Biology



The results from Dr. Lavin's postpartum hemorrhage prevention study will be used to:

- Develop "bleeding scores" that can help predict
 which women are at risk of postpartum
 hemorrhage. This is an important step towards
 improving maternal outcomes.
- If these scores prove useful, this tool will be implemented for all pregnant women in the future.

Timely access to emergency obstetric care in Sub-Saharan Africa



Dr. Aduragbemi Banké-Thomas, London School of Economics (UK)



- The research identified disadvantaged areas in Lagos, Nigeria where pregnant women face difficulties accessing Emergency Obstetric Care (EmOC).
- The Lagos State Government has used the research to propose a cost-effective location for a new public hospital and address the issue.
- The project has also led to a collaboration with Google to develop an application for EmOC geographical accessibility in African cities.

II. Domestic Violence and Abuse Against Women

Giving friends and relatives the keys to help

Dr. Alison Gregory, Bristol University (UK)



With her AXA postdoctoral fellowship on domestic violence, Dr Gregory has developed:

- An online resource that includes information about what domestic violence and abuse is, who it can happen to, how dangerous it can be, and what the common impacts are.
- It also includes practical advice about what people might notice in situations of domestic violence and abuse, how to sensitively ask questions, and how to listen and respond well – including the all-important "what to say" and "what not to say."

III. Women's Health

A new strategy to treat osteoporosis

Dr. Alessia Perino &

Dr. Laura Velasquez, EPFL (CH)



The research carried out by Dr. Perino (right), initiated by Dr. Laura Velasquez (left) has underpinned:

- A link between **bone and hematopoiesis** (the process in which blood cells are continuously formed and renewed).
- A potential target (TGR5) that could improve this process.
- Dr. Perino's work could pave the way for the development of new innovative treatments for patients with osteoporosis.

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Setting children on a healthy diet trajectory from an early age

Dr. Megan Jarman, Aston University (UK)



- Dr. Jarman conducted a mapping workshop with stakeholders to identify **key drivers of diet** for a new model called **FeedQuest**, which is focused on families with young children.
- FeedQuest is being developed as a tool for data collection in clinical settings and is being tested with the NHS for dieticians working with families who have limited access to food variety.

Healthier culinary practices among overweight and obese Ghanaian women

Dr. Hibbah Osei-Kwasi, University of Sheffield (UK)



The evidence garnered from this project will help:

 Reduce obesity and related health problems among women of African origin in the UK and beyond thanks to context-specific and culturally appropriate interventions, for example, a community-based intervention to improve lifestyle behaviors.

A portable device against cervical cancer

Dr. Serap Aksu, Koç University (Turkey)



- The device is the **first complete handheld cervical** cancer screening system.
- Thanks to its portability and simplicity, it can easily be **transported and employed in remote regions** in the world where healthcare is lacking.
- Dr. Aksu is planning to **miniaturize it further** and test the system with real patient samples.
- The use of this device will help **close the gender-based health gap** in hard-to-reach geographical areas.



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